## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA STATESBORO DIVISION

FRANK KIMBLE,	)		
Plaintiff,	)		
v.	)	Case No.	CV607-082
SUPERIOR COURT OF TATTNALL COUNTY,	) ) )		
Defendant.	)		

## REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION

Plaintiff, proceeding prose, has submitted a complaint pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1651 and a motion to proceed *in forma pauperis*. Docs. 1, 2. As it appears that he lacks the resources to pay the \$350.00 filing fee, his motion to proceed *in forma pauperis* is **GRANTED**.

A case filed *in forma pauperis* must be "dismiss[ed] . . . at any time if the court determines that . . . the action . . . (i) is frivolous or malicious; (ii) fails to state a claim on which relief may be granted; or (iii) seeks monetary relief against a defendant who is immune from such relief." 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2)(B). As plaintiff's complaint is patently frivolous, it should be

## DISMISSED.

Plaintiff, a detainee in Valdosta State Prison in Valdosta, Georgia, asks the Court, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1651 (the "All-Writs Act"), to issue a writ of mandamus to compel the Superior Court of Tattnall County to enter a default judgment in his favor in a state civil action. Doc. 1 at 8. The All-Writs Act only permits a federal court to issue a writ when it is "necessary or appropriate in aid of [its] respective jurisdiction[] and agreeable to the usages and principles of law." 28 U.S.C. § 1651(a). "[F]ederal courts have no authority to issue writs of mandamus to direct state courts or their judicial officers in the performance of their duties." Haggard v. Tennessee, 421 F.2d 1386 (6th Cir. 1970); see also Moye v. Clerk, DeKalb County Super. Ct., 474 F.2d 1275, 1276 (5th Cir. 1973). This Court, therefore, is without "authority to issue a writ of mandamus directing the state court to rule on [plaintiff's] pending motions." Nabelek v. Collins, 48 F. App'x 104, 104 (5th Cir. 2002). As "the relief requested would not be in aid of the jurisdiction of a federal court," id., or "agreeable to the usages and principles of law," 28 U.S.C. § 1651(a), plaintiff's complaint presents no issue of merit and should therefore be **DISMISSED** 

as legally frivolous.

SO REPORTED AND RECOMMENDED this \_\_\_\_\_\_ day of December, 2007.

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA